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SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	
In re:	x Chapter 11
Genever Holdings LLC,	Case No. 20-12411-JLG
Debte	or.
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## DEBTOR'S MOTION TO APPROVE ATTACHED STIPULATION OF SETTLEMENT WITH BRAVO LUCK AND PAX

The motion of Genever Holdings LLC (the <u>õDebtor</u>ö) pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 9019(a) seeking approval of the Stipulation of Settlement with Pacific Alliance Asia Opportunity Fund L.P. (<u>õPAX</u>ö) and Bravo Luck Limited (<u>õBravo Luck</u>ö), a copy of which is annexed hereto as Exhibit <u>õ</u>Aö (the <u>õSettlementö</u>), represents and shows this Court as follows:

## **Background**

- 1. The Debtor filed a voluntary petition under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code on October 12, 2020 and thereafter has continued in possession and management of its assets as a debtor-in-possession pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 1107 and 1108.
- 2. The Debtor¢s chief asset consists of the 18th floor apartment and auxiliary units in the Sherry Netherland Hotel located at 781 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York 10022. (collectively, the õResidenceö).
- 3. Prior to the commencement of the Chapter 11 case, a dispute existed among the Debtor, Bravo Luck and PAX concerning the beneficial ownership of the Residence, as noted in the Debtor Chapter 11 petition (generally described as the õOwnership Disputeö).
- 4. The Settlement is principally designed to enable the Debtor to proceed with a sale of the Residence while the Ownership Dispute continues to be litigated.

- 5. PAX previously filed a motion to modify the automatic stay to proceed with a state court action and related relief relating to veil-piercing claims against the Debtor (ECF No. 12-14) (the õLift Stay Motionö).
- 6. On January 5, 2021, Bravo Luck (ECF No. 21) and the Debtor (ECF No. 22) each filed opposition to the Lift Stay Motion.
- 7. On January 12, 2021, PAX filed a motion for the conversion of the case to Chapter 7, or, alternatively, for the appointment of a Chapter 11 trustee (ECF No. 35-37) (the õConversion Motionö).
- 8. On January 27, 2021, Bravo Luck filed its opposition to the Conversion Motion (ECF No. 44).
- 9. Thereafter, the respective motions have been adjourned from time to time, while the Debtor, Bravo Luck and PAX engaged in extensive negotiations in an effort to resolve disposition of the motions, largely predicated upon an agreed framework for a sale of the Residence. The Settlement also contemplates that the litigation over the Ownership Dispute will continue pending the sale process. Hence, the Stipulation also contains provisions for a consensual vacatur of the automatic stay.
- 10. In order to promote a fully transparent sale process and minimize disputes going forward regarding the sale, the Debtor, Bravo Luck and PAX have agreed under the Settlement to seek the appointment of an independent third party officer, designated as the Sale Officer, who can exercise independence regarding the sale and marketing process subject ultimately to Bankruptcy Court approval, and the right of Bravo Luck and PAX to object. The parties are still discussing the identity of the proposed Sale Officer, which will be sought pursuant to separate application, once identified.

- 11. The Settlement took many weeks to negotiate, and has now come to include the comments of the Sherry Netherland regarding the terms of the sale and marketing process. Besides the appointment of a Sales Officer, the parties will also to seek to retain a very experienced and qualified broker, which will be the subject of a separate application as well.
- 12. All of the major creditors and stakeholders in the Chapter 11 case have participated in the negotiation of the final terms of the Settlement. The Debtor is seeking Bankruptcy Court approval of the Settlement on notice to the Office of the U.S. Trustee, which is questioning the statutory basis for the appointment of a Sale Officer despite the partiesø agreement.
- 13. The signatories to the Settlement believe that there is authority for the appointment of a Sale Officer under, among other sections, the provisions of Sections 105 and 363 of the Bankruptcy Code.

## **Highlights of the Settlement**

- 14. The Settlement is a comprehensive document, but for the sake of continuity, the major provisions are highlighted below. In highlighting certain terms, the Debtor is not intending to change or otherwise alter the precise terms of the Settlement, which control over any discussion herein.
  - a. Appointment of the Designated Sales Officer. The **SO** shall oversee the sale of the Residence through a bankruptcy process, in consultation with Bravo Luck and PAX. The SO is not a chapter 11 trustee or examiner but shall have powers consistent with those of the debtor/trustee in bankruptcy, limited to the terms of overseeing a sale process as delineated in Section õ6ö of the Settlement.
  - b. *Broker*. An experienced real estate broker shall be employed by the Debtorøs estate. Bravo Luck and PAX shall be allowed to propose/recommend parties to the SO for the role of Broker. Bravo Luck and PAX shall have the right to interview the prospective Brokers. Bravo Luck and PAX shall consult with the Broker and the SO for purposes of establishing the timing and realization of maximum value for the Residence. The Brokerøs retention and compensation

- remain subject to Bankruptcy Court approval with right of objection by Bravo Luck and PAX.
- c. *Marketing Terms*. The mutual goal of all concerned is to obtain maximum value for the Residence based upon a comprehensive marketing plan as set forth in the Settlement.
- d. *Sales Procedures*. The Settlement also contains detailed, but conventional, sale procedures, including:
  - (1) the sale shall be in cash payable at closing and shall be subject to higher and better offers. If more than one Qualified Offer is received, the SO, in consultation with Bravo Luck and PAX, shall schedule an auction at which all Qualified Buyers can participate.
  - (2) Selection of the winning Qualified Buyer shall be made by the SO in consultation with the Broker, and Bravo Luck and PAX.
  - (3) The sale of the Residence shall be subject to Bankruptcy Court approval pursuant to separate application.
  - (4) The sale process shall include consultation rights for Bravo Luck and PAX.
  - (5) The sale shall be subject to the Sherry-Netherlandøs approval process, and the terms of the underlying proprietary leases.

## The Settlement Should Be Approved

- 15. The Debtor is heartened that a global settlement has been reached which will enable the Debtor to move forward with its primary goal of selling the Residence under a structured process aimed at maximizing fair market value. In the exercise of its business judgment, the Debtor submits that the Settlement should be approved pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9019(a) as falling within the range reasonableness. *In re W.T. Grant Co.*, 699 F.2d 599, 608 (2<sup>nd</sup> Cir. 1983), cert. denied, 464 U.S. 822, 104 S. Ct. 89 (1983).
  - 16. As the Hon. Sean H. Lane has previously explained:

In approving a settlement, a court must õreview the reasonableness of the proposed settlement [and] í make an informed as to whether the settlement is fair and equitable and in the best interests of the estate.ö *In re WorldCom, Inc.* 347 B.R. 123, 137 (Bankr.

S.D.N.Y. 2006); see also Air Line Pilots Ass'n, Int'l v. Am. Nat'l Bank & Trust Co. (In re Ionosphere Clubs, Inc.) 156 B.R. 414, 426 (S.D.N.Y 1993). The Court, however, need not oconduct a imini trialø on the issue. The Court need only icanvas the issuesø to determine if the isettlement falls below the lowest point in the range of reasonableness. Ø WorldCom, 347 B.R. at 137) quoting In re Teltronics Serv., Inc., 762 F.2D 185, 189 (2d Cir. 1985)).

õSettlements or compromises are favored in bankruptcy and, in fact, encouragedí .. õIn administering reorganization proceedings in an economical and practical manner it will often be wise to arrange the settlement of claims as to which are substantial and reasonable doubts. Ø In re Adelphia Communs. Corp., 368 B.R. 140 226 (Bankr.S.D.N.Y.2007) (quoting Protective Committee for Independent Stockholders of TMT Trailer Ferry, Inc. v. Anderson, 390 U.S. 414, 424, 88 S.Ct. 1157, 20 L.Ed.2D 1 (1968)). The decision whether to accept or reject a compromise lies within the sound discretion of the court.ö Adelphia, 368 B.R. at 226. And õ[w]hile the bankruptcy court may consider the objections lodged by parties in interest, such objections are not controlling. Similarly, although weight should be given to the opinions of counsel for the debtors and any creditorsø committees on the reasonableness of the proposed settlement, the bankruptcy court must still make informed and independent judgement. The Court must consider whether the proposed compromise is fair and equitable by appraising itself of all the factors relevant to an assessment of the wisdom of the proposed compromise. WorldCom, 347 B.R. at 137 (quoting TMT Trailer, 390 U.S. at 424, 88 S.Ct. 1157).

*In re AMR Corp.*, 502 B.R. 23, 42-43 9 (Bankr. S.D.NY.2013)

- 17. In reviewing the Settlement, the Court should consider the following factors:
  - (1) the balance between the litigation possibility of success and the settlement future benefits;
  - (2) the likelihood of complex and protracted litigation, with its attendant expense, inconvenience, and delay, including the difficulty in collecting on a judgement;
  - (3) the paramount interests of the creditors, including each affected classøs relative benefits and the degree to which creditors either do not object to or affirmatively support the proposed settlement;
  - (4) whether other parties in interest support the settlement;

- (5) the competency and experience of counsel supporting, and the experience and knowledge of the bankruptcy court judge reviewing, the settlement;
- (6) the nature and breadth of releases to be obtained by officers and directors; and
- (7) the extent to which the settlement is the product of armos length bargaining.

*In re Iridium Operating LLC*, 478 F.3d 452, 462 (2d Cir.2007).

- 18. The Settlement stacks up favorably under the *Iridium* factors. To begin with, the Settlement avoids the time, expense and uncertainty of protracted litigation, as the pending motions present contested issues of fact and law. At the same time, the Settlement preserves all of the partiesørespective rights, claims and defenses while allowing the sale of the Residence to proceed in bankruptcy without the entanglement created by the Ownership Dispute litigation. Thus, the first two *Iridium* factors are met.
- 19. Additionally, the Settlement has the support of the three major stakeholders in the Chapter 11 case, who are in agreement as to the benefit of a transparent sale process with the aid of an independent Sale Officer and experienced broker. Thus, *Iridium* factors three and four are also met.
- 20. Finally, the Settlement was negotiated by experienced counsel who proceeded in good faith to generate a carefully worded Settlement that aids the Debtorøs estate. Thus, *Iridium* factors five and seven are likewise met.
- 21. Factor number six does not apply since there are no releases being given under the Settlement.

WHEREFORE, the Debtor respectfully prays for the entry of an Order approving the Settlement, and for such other relief as may be just and proper.

Dated: New York, New York March 5, 2021

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